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(54) **WATER ANALYSIS SENSOR CARTRIDGE
WITH TRANSPORT CONTAINER**

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See application file for complete search history.

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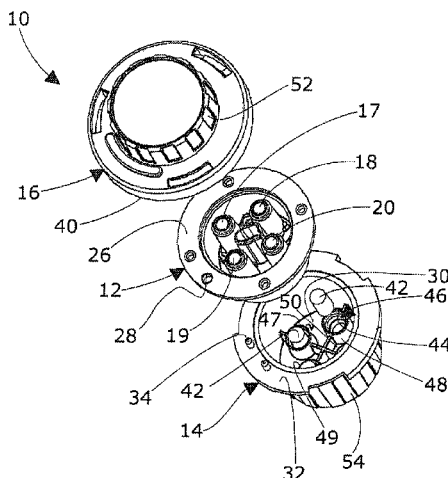
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(57) **ABSTRACT**

A transport container system for a water analysis sensor cartridge includes a water analysis sensor cartridge configured to be interchangeable. The water analysis sensor cartridge comprises at least two different sensor membranes. A transport container cup comprises, for each of the at least two different sensor membranes, a separate moist chamber. Each separate moist chamber comprises one chamber opening and a specific humectant for each of the at least two different sensor membranes.

24 Claims, 3 Drawing Sheets



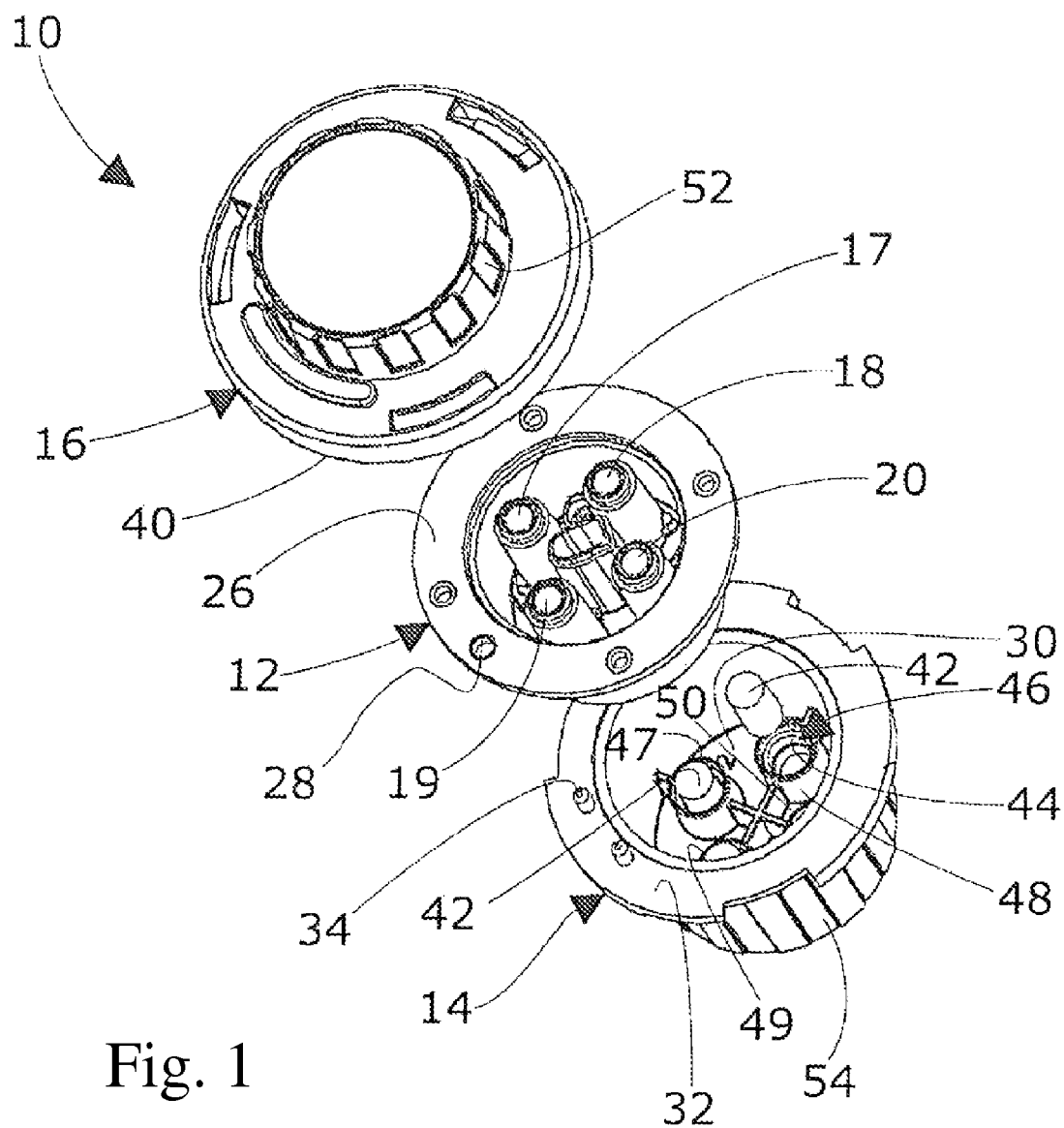


Fig. 1

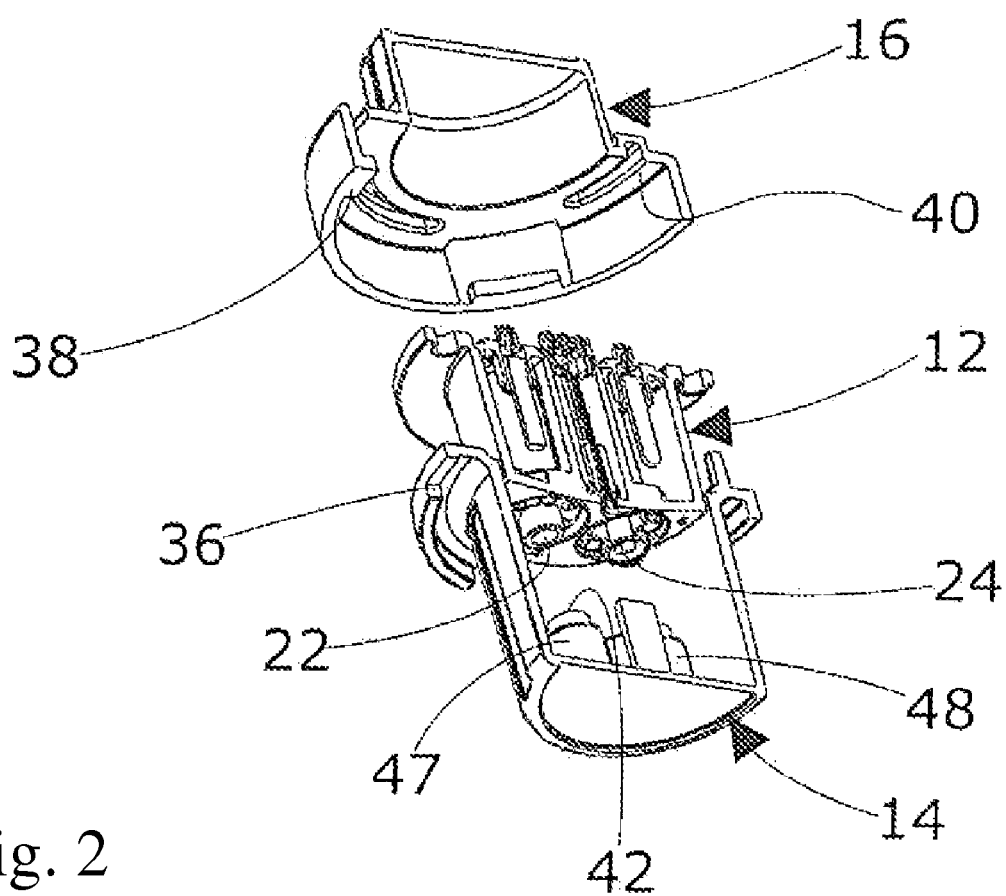


Fig. 2

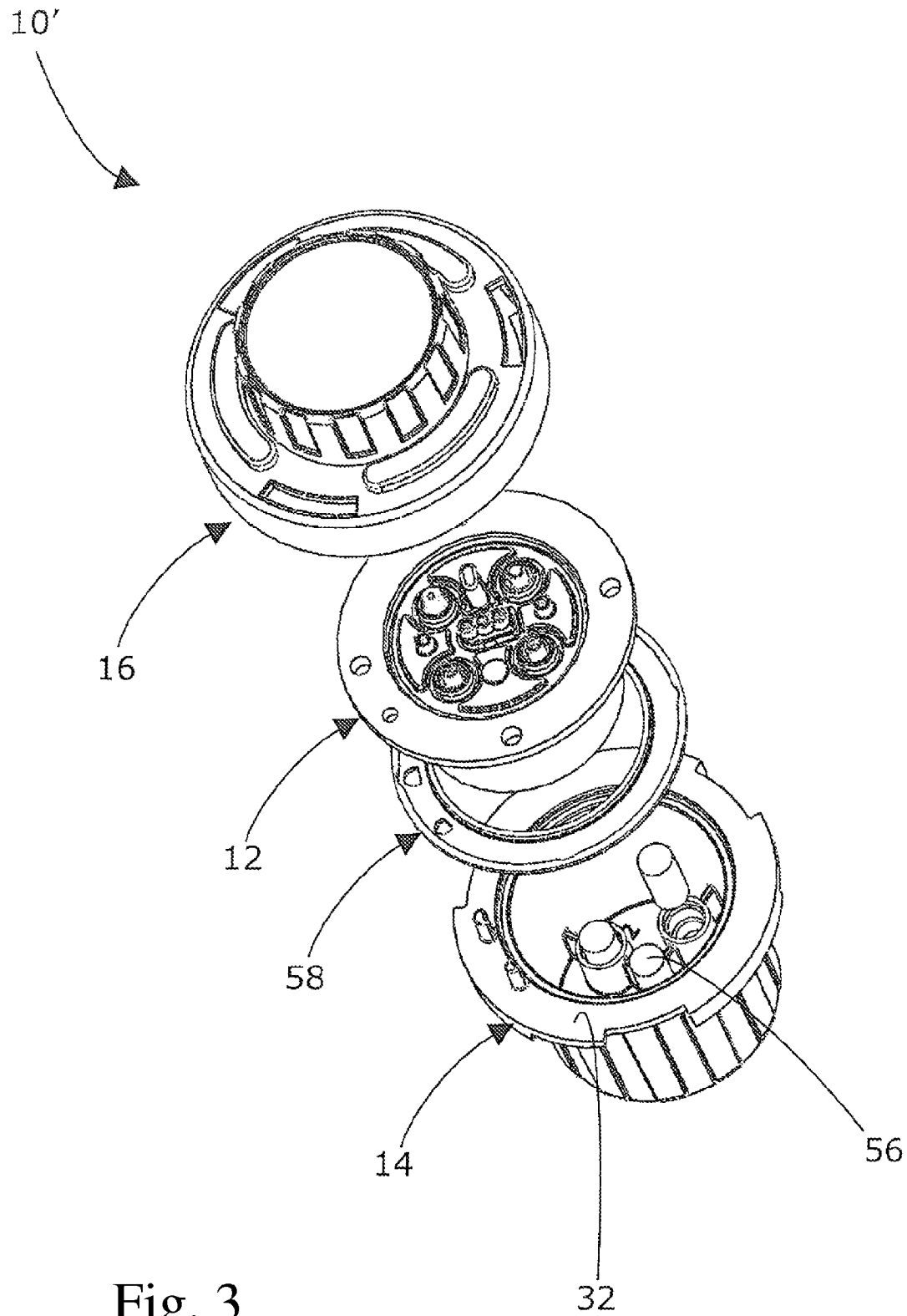


Fig. 3

WATER ANALYSIS SENSOR CARTRIDGE WITH TRANSPORT CONTAINER

The present invention relates to a transport container system for an interchangeable water analysis sensor cartridge.

Water-analysis immersion probes are used particularly in process analytics for monitoring one or a plurality of analytes in water in order to monitor the quality of the water, e.g. of drinking water or waste water. To facilitate maintenance, immersion probes of the state of the art are of a modular design and consist substantially of a fixedly installed probe base and an exchangeable sensor cartridge comprising one or a plurality of different sensors.

Since, over time, the sensors are subject to wear, which will result in an increasing deterioration of the quality of the measurement, it is advisable to make available new and unworn sensors simply by exchanging the sensor cartridge.

The sensor cartridge is relatively sensitive and, depending on their respective type, the sensors and particularly the sensor membranes of the cartridge must not dry out. For this reason, transport of a new, unconsumed sensor cartridge is carried out by storing the sensor in a transport container which includes a specific electrolyte solution, i.e. a humectant.

Sensor cartridges can be equipped with differently selective sensors, i.e. with cation- and/or anion-selective sensor membranes. As a consequence, when such sensor cartridges have been stored in a transport container filled with only one electrolyte solution, the active measurement substances in the sensor membranes, the so-called ionophores, will diffuse into the electrolyte solution. The diffusion of the ionophores of the respective sensor membranes into the electrolyte solution will cause a contamination of the respective other sensor membranes of the sensor cartridge. This contamination generates a chemical change in the sensor membranes, with the consequence that these will react in an erroneous manner on the analytes contained in the water.

In view of the above, it is an object of the present invention to provide a transport container system for an interchangeable water analysis sensor cartridge wherein, during transport in a transport container system, a contamination of the sensor membranes of an interchangeable sensor cartridge is prevented.

According to the invention, the above object is achieved by a transport container system for an interchangeable water analysis sensor cartridge with the features defined in claim 1.

The transport container system for an interchangeable water analysis sensor cartridge consists of an interchangeable water analysis sensor cartridge comprising at least two different sensor membranes, and of a transport container cup comprising, for each sensor membrane, a separate moist chamber with respectively one chamber opening, with the moist chambers comprising a humectant that is specific for the sensor membranes. The humectant is introduced into the moist chamber by way of the chamber opening. Furthermore, the contact between the sensor membranes and the humectant arranged therein is made possible by the chamber opening.

For transport, said interchangeable sensor cartridge will be inserted into the transport container cup. Herein, it is guaranteed that the sensor membranes can be stored separately and in a humectant that is specific for them, thus excluding a contamination of the respective other sensor membrane. Dedicated humectants that are used specifically for the different sensor membranes will guarantee an optimum performance of the sensor membrane immediately after removal, i.e. the sensor cartridge will be immediately ready for use.

Preferably, the separate moist chambers are formed by respectively one substantially vertical chamber wall arranged in vertical orientation on a bottom of the transport-container cup. By way of alternative, there can be provided any other geometric shape of the moist chamber that is complementary to the sensor membranes.

Preferably, at least one specific humectant is an electrolyte gel. Alternatively, at least one specific humectant can be formed by a sponge body soaked with an electrolyte solution. Such a specific humectant will guarantee a hundred-percent air humidity on the sensor membranes which are in direct contact with the humectant.

According to a preferred embodiment, there is provided a liquid-tight transport container lid for liquid-tight closure of the transport container cup. Thus, the interchangeable sensor cartridge can be safely transported and stored without occurrence of a significant deterioration of the sensor membranes. Further, said transport container lid offers protection to the electrical contact sites of the sensor cartridge via which the sensor cartridge is in electrical contact with a probe base.

Preferably, the water analysis sensor cartridge is provided with a surrounding flange which is in liquid-tight abutment on the transport container cup edge, with a transport container lid for fixing the water analysis sensor cartridge being formed as a fixing sleeve. By way of this abutment, the sensor cartridge can be stored in the transport container cup in an optimum manner, i.e. the distance between the sensor membranes and the corresponding moist chambers can be set in such a well-defined fashion that the sensor membrane is respectively in optimum abutment on the humectant. Further, said surrounding flange face also forms an abutment face for connection of the sensor cartridge to a probe base.

According to a preferred embodiment, the transport container cup and the transport container lid are provided with a cooperating bayonet-type lock. A bayonet-type lock is a quickly lockable, reliably holding and easily releasable connection.

Preferably, the transport container lid is on its external side provided with a gripping structure arranged along its periphery, said gripping structure making it easier to seize the lid and particularly allowing for enhanced force-locking between the gripping hand and the transport container lid in the circumferential direction for twisting the lid. Further, also the transport container cup can be provided with said gripping structure so as to generally facilitate the opening of the transport container system.

Preferably, at least one of the sensor membranes of the substantially cylindrical water analysis sensor cartridge is arranged eccentrically in the cartridge. In this manner, optimum use is made of the space within the sensor cartridge for the sensor membranes, thus making it possible to provide a plurality of different sensors in a sole sensor cartridge. In analogy thereto, the transport container cup comprises the same number of moist chambers so that each of the sensor membranes can be stored separately and in a humectant specifically provided for it.

According to a preferred embodiment, the water analysis sensor cartridge and the transport container cup are provided with cooperating anti-twist locks which are realized e.g. in the form of pins extending vertically from the transport container cup edge and which are complementary with corresponding openings in the surrounding flange of the sensor cartridge. Thereby, it is safeguarded that, during transport and/or storage, the sensor membranes of the sensor cartridge in the moist chambers provided for them.

According to a particularly preferred embodiment, the transport container cup includes an absorption agent in the

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interior of the cup. The absorption agent is always effective with respect to the interior of the cup, even in the state where the sensor cartridge has been inserted into the transport container cup. Preferably, the absorption agent is a sponge body. Alternatively, the absorption agent can consist of a hygroscopic medium such as e.g. silica gel. The absorption agent can be accommodated e.g. in a dedicated chamber arranged centrally on the bottom of the transport container cup. The absorption agent can take up e.g. excess electrolyte solution if this solution issues from out of the moist chambers, so that a mutual mixing of the different electrolyte solutions can be effectively prevented.

An embodiment of the invention will be explained in greater detail hereunder with reference to the drawing.

FIG. 1 is an exploded view of the transport container system according to the invention.

FIG. 2 is a sectional view of the transport container system according to the invention.

FIG. 3 is an exploded view of an alternative embodiment of the transport container system according to the invention.

In FIG. 1, a transport container system **10** for an interchangeable water analysis sensor cartridge **12** is shown. Said system **10** consists of an interchangeable sensor cartridge **12** which together with a probe base (not shown) forms a water-analysis immersion probe, and of a transport container cup **14** provided for the sensor cartridge **12**, said transport container cup **14** being closeable by a transport container lid **16**.

Sensor cartridge **12** comprises four different sensors **17, 18, 19, 20**. On their distal ends, the four sensors **17, 18, 19, 20** comprise sensor membranes **22, 24** (see FIG. 2). Within the substantially cylindrical sensor cartridge **12**, the sensors **17, 18, 19, 20** are arranged eccentrically, thus allowing optimum use of the space in sensor cartridge **12**. Further, sensor cartridge **12** comprises a surrounding flange **26** with round openings **28** provided therein.

The substantially cylindrical transport container cup **14** is made of plastic and is closed at its bottom **30**. On its other longitudinal end, cup **14** comprises an opening with a flange-like cup edge **32**. On cup edge **32**, axially extending pins **34** are provided which are adapted to corresponding openings **28** in the flange **26** of sensor cartridge **12** and together form an anti-twist locking assembly. Cup **14** further comprises, on its cup edge **32**, a plurality of bayonet elements **36** (see FIG. 2) which together with corresponding bayonet lugs **38** (FIG. 2) of lid **16** form a bayonet lock assembly so that the lid with its flange-like lid edge **40** will be twisted on the flange **26** of sensor cartridge **12**.

In its interior, cup **14** comprises separate moist chambers **47, 48, 49, 50** for each of the sensor membranes **22, 24** of sensor cartridge **12**, said moist chambers each containing a humectant **42** specifically provided for the sensor membranes **22, 24** and respectively for the sensors **17, 18, 19, 20**. Humectant **42** is provided e.g. in the form of a sponge body soaked with an electrolyte solution, or an electrolyte gel. Cup **14** further comprises in its interior a moisture absorption medium **56** which is formed e.g. by a sponge body or consists of a hygroscopic agent.

Said moist chambers **47-50** are formed by substantially cylindrical chamber walls **44** arranged vertically on the bottom **30** of cup **14**. Only on the side opposite to bottom **30**, said chamber walls **44** define a chamber opening **46**, with the humectant **42**, e.g. in the form of a sponge body or an electrolyte (not shown) inserted thereinto.

Transport container lid **16** comprises on its external side a gripping structure **52** arranged along its periphery for facilitating the gripping of lid **16**. Also the transport container cup

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14 comprises an external gripping structure **54** for facilitating the opening of the transport container system **10** in general.

In the transport and respectively storage condition, sensor cartridge **12** is by its flange **26** axially fixed between the flange-like lid edge **40** of lid **16** and the flange-like cup edge **32** of cup **14** so that the sensor cartridge **12** can be accommodated in the transport container cup **14** in an optimum manner, i.e. so that the distance between the sensor membranes **22, 24** and the corresponding moist chambers **47, 48** (FIG. 2) can be set in such a well-defined manner that each of the sensor membranes **22, 24** will be in optimum abutment on the humectant **42**. Alternatively, a sealing ring **58** can be provided between the sensor cartridge **12** and the flange-like cup edge **32** of cup **14**, allowing the transport container system **10** to be reliably closed in a liquid-tight manner.

The invention claimed is:

1. A transport container system for a water analysis sensor cartridge, the transport container comprising:

a water analysis sensor cartridge configured to be interchangeable, the water analysis sensor cartridge comprising at least two different sensor membranes; and

a transport container cup provided separately from the water analysis sensor cartridge, the transport container cup comprising, for each of the at least two different sensor membranes, a separate moist chamber, wherein each separate moist chamber comprises one chamber opening and a specific humectant for each of the at least two different sensor membranes, the water analysis sensor cartridge being configured to be inserted into the transport container cup.

2. The transport container system as recited in claim 1, wherein the transport container cup further comprises a bottom and a vertical chamber wall(s) arranged in a vertical orientation on the bottom, wherein each separate moist chamber is formed by a respective vertical chamber wall arranged in the vertical orientation on the bottom of the transport-container cup.

3. The transport container system as recited in claim 1, wherein the specific humectant is an electrolyte gel.

4. The transport container system as recited in claim 1, wherein the specific humectant is formed by a sponge body soaked with an electrolyte solution.

5. The transport container system as recited in claim 1, wherein the transport container cup further comprises an external side with a periphery along which a gripping structure is arranged.

6. The transport container system as recited in claim 1, wherein at least one of the at least two different sensor membranes is arranged eccentrically in the water analysis sensor cartridge.

7. The transport container system as recited in claim 1, wherein the water analysis sensor cartridge and the transport container cup are provided with cooperating anti-twist locks.

8. The transport container system as recited in claim 1, further comprising a transport container lid configured to provide for a liquid-tight closure of the transport container cup.

9. The transport container system as recited in claim 8, wherein,

the transport container cup further comprises a transport container cup edge,

the water analysis sensor cartridge further comprises a surrounding flange configured to be in a liquid-tight abutment on the transport container cup edge, and

the transport container lid is formed as a fixing sleeve and is further configured to fix the water analysis sensor cartridge.

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10. The transport container system as recited in claim 8, wherein the transport container cup and the transport container lid are provided with a cooperating bayonet-type lock.

11. The transport container system as recited in claim 8, wherein the transport container lid comprises an external side with a periphery along with a gripping structure is arranged.

12. The transport container system as recited in claim 1, wherein the transport container cup further comprises an interior and an absorption agent arranged in the interior.

13. The transport container system as recited in claim 12, wherein the absorption agent is formed by a sponge body.

14. The transport container system as recited in claim 12, wherein the absorption agent consists of a hygroscopic medium.

15. A transport container system for a water analysis sensor cartridge, the transport container comprising:

a water analysis sensor cartridge configured to be interchangeable, the water analysis sensor cartridge comprising at least two different sensor membranes; and

a transport container cup provided separately from the water analysis sensor cartridge, the transport container cup comprising,

a bottom,

a vertical chamber wall(s) arranged in a vertical orientation on the bottom, each separate moist chamber being formed by a respective vertical chamber wall arranged in the vertical orientation on the bottom of the transport-container cup, and

a separate moist chamber for each of the at least two different sensor membranes, each separate moist chamber comprising one chamber opening and a specific humectant for each of the at least two different sensor membranes,

the water analysis sensor cartridge being configured to be inserted into the transport container cup; and

a transport container lid configured to provide for a liquid-tight closure of the transport container cup.

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16. The transport container system as recited in claim 15, wherein the specific humectant is an electrolyte gel or is formed by a sponge body soaked with an electrolyte solution.

17. The transport container system as recited in claim 15, wherein,

the transport container cup further comprises a transport container cup edge,

the water analysis sensor cartridge further comprises a surrounding flange configured to be in a liquid-tight abutment on the transport container cup edge, and

the transport container lid is formed as a fixing sleeve and is further configured to fix the water analysis sensor cartridge.

18. The transport container system as recited in claim 15, wherein the transport container cup and the transport container lid are provided with a cooperating bayonet-type lock.

19. The transport container system as recited in claim 15, wherein the transport container lid comprises an external side with a periphery along with a gripping structure is arranged.

20. The transport container system as recited in claim 15, wherein the transport container cup further comprises an external side with a periphery along which a gripping structure is arranged.

21. The transport container system as recited in claim 15, wherein at least one of the at least two different sensor membranes is arranged eccentrically in the water analysis sensor cartridge.

22. The transport container system as recited in claim 15, wherein the water analysis sensor cartridge and the transport container cup are provided with cooperating anti-twist locks.

23. The transport container system as recited in claim 15, wherein the transport container cup further comprises an interior and an absorption agent arranged in the interior.

24. The transport container system as recited in claim 23, wherein the absorption agent is formed by a sponge body or consists of a hygroscopic medium.

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